

**IN THE CLAIMS**

1-21 (Canceled)

22. (Previously Presented) A blue soda-lime colored glass composed of glass-forming principal components and of coloring agents, characterized in that it comprises from 0.15 to 1.1% by weight of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ , has a redox factor not exceeding 45% and presents a dominant wavelength ( $\lambda_D$ ) of between 491 and 493 nm, including the endpoints of that range, and a light transmission (TLA4) and an excitation purity (P) which satisfy the relationship  $P > -0.3 \times \text{TLA4} + 24.5$  and comprises amongst its coloring agents less than 0.1% by weight of  $\text{TiO}_2$ .

23. (Previously Presented) The colored glass as claimed in Claim 22 and further including at least one of the following features (A) through (D)

- (A) a light transmission (TLA4) of greater than or equal to 55%;
- (B) a light transmission (TLA4) and an excitation purity (P) which satisfy the relationship  $P > -0.3 \times \text{TLA4} + 26.5$ ;
- (C) as coloring agents, a compound of at least one of the elements Cr, Ce, Co, Se, V, Ti, Mn; and
- (D) it comprises the following percentages by weight of coloring agents, the total amount of iron being expressed in the form of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ :

$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$	0.3 – 1.1%
FeO	0.10 - 0.30%
Co	0 – 0.0040%
$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_3$	0 – 0.0500%
$\text{V}_2\text{O}_5$	0 – 0.0500%

and has the following optical properties:

$$55\% < \text{TLA4} < 85\%$$

$36\% < TE4 < 60\%$

$P < 12\%.$

24. (Previously Presented) The colored glass as claimed in Claim 23 and further including at least two of the features (A) through (D).

25. (Previously Presented) The colored glass as claimed in Claim 23 and further including all of the features (A) through (D).

26. (Previously Presented) The colored glass as claimed in Claim 22 and further including at least one of the following features (E) and (F):

(E) it comprises less than 0.5% by weight of  $CeO_2$ ;

(F) it comprises less than 0.13% by weight of  $MnO_2$ .

27. (Previously Presented) The colored glass as claimed in Claim 22, characterized in that it has a light transmission (TLA4) of greater than or equal to 70%.

28. (Previously Presented) The colored glass as claimed in Claim 23 wherein it further comprises one of the following features (G) through (J):

(G) the following percentages by weight of coloring agents, the total amount of iron being expressed in the form of  $Fe_2O_3$ :

$Fe_2O_3$       0.3 – 0.7%

$FeO$       0.10 - 0.20%

$Co$       0 – 0.0020%

and has the following optical properties:

$72\% < TLA4 < 85\%$

$49\% < TE4 < 60\%$

$3\% < P < 9\%;$

(H) the following percentages by weight of coloring agents, the total amount of iron being

expressed in the form of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ :

$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$	0.4 – 0.6%
$\text{FeO}$	0.11 – 0.16%
$\text{Co}$	0 – 0.0015%

and has the following optical properties:

$$74\% < \text{TLA4} < 80\%$$

$$51\% < \text{TE4} < 58\%$$

$$3\% < \text{P} < 7\%$$

$$\lambda_D \leq 492 \text{ nm};$$

(I) the following percentages by weight of coloring agents, the total amount of iron being expressed in the form of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ :

$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$	0.4 – 0.8%
$\text{FeO}$	0.16 – 0.23%
$\text{Co}$	0 – 0.0030%

and has the following optical properties:

$$70\% < \text{TLA4} < 77\%$$

$$39\% < \text{TE4} < 50\%$$

$$4\% < \text{P} < 10\%; \text{ or}$$

(J) the following percentages by weight of coloring agents, the total amount of iron being expressed in the form of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ :

$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$	0.55 – 0.75%
$\text{FeO}$	0.16 – 0.23%
$\text{Co}$	0 – 0.0020%

and has the following optical properties:

70% < TLA4 < 74%

41% < TE4 < 48%

6% < P < 9%

$\lambda_D \leq 492$  nm.

29. (Previously Presented) The colored glass as claimed in claim 22, characterized in that it has a light transmission (TLA4) of less than 70%.

30. (Previously Presented) The colored glass as claimed in claim 22, further characterized by one of the following (K) through (M):

(K) it comprises less than 0.01%, preferably less than 0.0050%, by weight of  $V_2O_5$  and less than 0.0020%, preferably less than 0.0015%, by weight of  $Cr_2O_3$ ;

(L) it comprises the following percentages by weight of coloring agents, the total amount of iron being expressed in the form of  $Fe_2O_3$ :

$Fe_2O_3$  0.6 – 1.1%

$FeO$  0.20 - 0.30%

$Co$  0 – 0.0040%

and has the following optical properties:

55% < TLA4 < 69%

30% < TE4 < 47%

6% < P < 12%;

(M) it comprises the following percentages by weight of coloring agents, the total amount of iron being expressed in the form of  $Fe_2O_3$ :

$Fe_2O_3$  0.75 – 0.95%

$FeO$  0.22 - 0.28%

$Co$  0 – 0.0030%

and has the following optical properties:

$$63\% < \text{TLA4} < 69\%$$

$$36\% < \text{TE4} < 45\%$$

$$7\% < \text{P} < 11\%$$

$$\lambda_D \leq 492 \text{ nm.}$$

31. (Previously Presented) The colored glass as claimed in Claims 22, characterized in that it forms a motor-vehicle window.

32. (Previously Presented) The colored glass as claimed in Claim 22 further characterized by a dominant wavelength ( $\lambda_D$ ) of less than or equal to 492 nm.

33. (Previously Presented) The colored glass as claimed in Claim 22 further characterized in that it comprises less than 1.0% by weight of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ .

34. (Previously Presented) A blue soda-lime colored glass composed of glass-forming principal components and of coloring agents, characterized in that it comprises from 0.15 to 1.1% by weight of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ , has a redox factor not exceeding 45% and presents a dominant wavelength ( $\lambda_D$ ) of between 490 and 493 nm and a light transmission (TLA4) and an excitation purity (P) which satisfy the relationship

$$\text{P} > -0.3 \times \text{TLA4} + 24;$$

further comprising the following percentages by weight of coloring agents, the total amount of iron being expressed in the form of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ :

$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$	0.3 – 1.1%
$\text{FeO}$	0.10 - 0.30%
$\text{Co}$	0 – 0.0040%
$\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_3$	0 – 0.0500%
$\text{V}_2\text{O}_5$	0 – 0.0500%

and has the following optical properties:

$$55\% < \text{TLA4} < 85\%$$

$$36\% < \text{TE4} < 60\%$$

$$\text{P} < 12\%; \text{ and}$$

the colored glass has a light transmission (TLA4) of less than 70%.

35. (Previously Presented) A blue soda-lime colored glass composed of glass-forming principal components and of coloring agents, characterized in that it comprises from 0.15 to 1.1% by weight of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ , has a redox factor not exceeding 45% and presents a dominant wavelength ( $\lambda_D$ ) of between 490 and 493 nm and a light transmission (TLA4) and an excitation purity (P) which satisfy the relationship  $\text{P} > -0.3 \times \text{TLA4} + 24.5$ ; and further comprising the following percentages by weight of coloring agents, the total amount of iron being expressed in the form of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ :

$$\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 \quad 0.3 - 0.7\%$$

$$\text{FeO} \quad 0.10 - 0.20\%$$

$$\text{Co} \quad 0 - 0.0020\%$$

and having the following optical properties:

$$72\% < \text{TLA4} < 85\%$$

$$49\% < \text{TE4} < 60\%$$

$$3\% < \text{P} < 9\%.$$

36. (Previously Presented) A blue soda-lime colored glass composed of glass-forming principal components and of coloring agents, characterized in that it comprises from 0.15 to 1.1% by weight of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ , has a redox factor not exceeding 45% and presents a dominant wavelength ( $\lambda_D$ ) of between 490 and 493 nm and a light transmission (TLA4) and an excitation purity (P) which satisfy the relationship  $\text{P} > -0.3 \times \text{TLA4} + 24.5$ ; and further comprising the following percentages by weight of coloring agents, the total amount of iron being expressed in the form of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ :

Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.4 – 0.8%
FeO	0.16 - 0.23%
Co	0 – 0.0030%

and having the following optical properties:

$$70\% < \text{TLA4} < 77\%$$

$$39\% < \text{TE4} < 50\%$$

$$4\% < \text{P} < 10\%.$$

37. (Previously Presented) A blue soda-lime colored glass composed of glass-forming principal components and of coloring agents, characterized in that it comprises from 0.15 to 1.1% by weight of Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, has a redox factor not exceeding 45% and presents a dominant wavelength ( $\lambda_D$ ) between 491 and 493 nm, including the endpoints of that range, and a light transmission (TLA4) and an excitation purity (P) which satisfy the relationship  $P > -0.3 \times \text{TLA4} + 24.5$ , while TLA4 is greater or equal to 65.7, and comprises its coloring agents less than 0.1% by weight of TiO<sub>2</sub>.

38. (Previously Presented) A blue soda-lime colored glass composed of glass-forming principal components and of coloring agents, characterized in that it comprises from 0.15 to 1.1% by weight of Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, has a redox factor not exceeding 45% and presents a dominant wavelength ( $\lambda_D$ ) between 491 and 493 nm, including the endpoints of that range, and a light transmission (TLA4) and an excitation purity (P) which satisfy the relationship  $P > -0.3 \times \text{TLA4} + 24.5$ , while TLA4 is greater or equal to 72.07, and comprises amongst its coloring agents less than 0.1% by weight of TiO<sub>2</sub>.